

Effects as Sessions, Sessions as Effects

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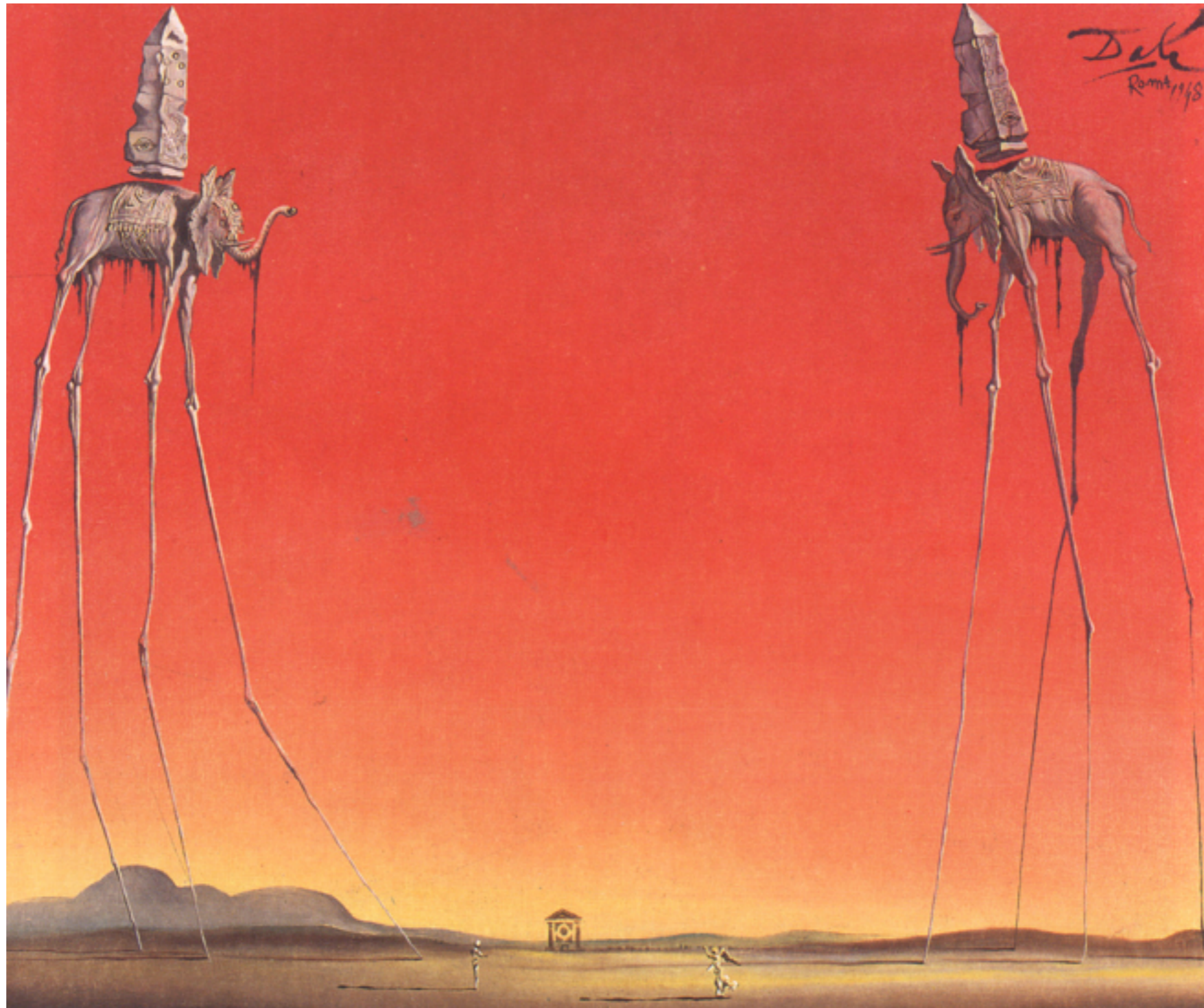
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λ -calculus

π -calculus



Dalí's "Los Elefantes"

***parallel,
effective PCF
 λ -calculus**

Milner (1980) CCS

Functions as processes, Milner (1992)

$\downarrow \eta$
 π -calculus

Church (1930s)

A Calculus of Mobile Processes, Milner, Parrow, Walker (1992)

UI

UI

*Functions as session-typed processes,
Toninho, Caires, Pfenning (2012)*

simple types

session types

Church (1940)

*Honda, Vasconcelos, Kubo (1998)
Yoshida, Vasconcelos (2007)*

+

effect systems

Gifford, Lucassen (1986)

this work

*Higher-Order Concurrent Programs with
Finite Communication Topology. Nielson, Nielson (1994)*

$\Gamma \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{F}$

PCF - type-and-effect system
($\mathbf{F}, \bullet, \mathbf{I}, \oplus, *, \&, \sqsubseteq$)

$\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash P$

π -calculus - session types

value environment

$x_1 : A_1, \dots, x_n : A_n$

session environment

$c_1 : S_1, \dots, c_n : S_n$

π -calculus recap

$c!\langle V \rangle.P$

send V on c then P

$c?(x).P$

receive on c , bind to x , then

$P \mid Q$

parallel

$\nu c (P)$

restriction (create channel)

$*c?(x).P$

replicated input

0

inactive process

dual end-point



$$(c?(x).P \mid \bar{c}!\langle V \rangle.Q) \rightarrow (P[V/x] \mid Q) \quad (\beta \text{ reduction})$$

$$(*c?(x).P \mid \bar{c}!\langle V \rangle.Q) \rightarrow (*c?(x).P \mid P[V/x] \mid Q) \quad (*\beta \text{ reduction})$$

π -calculus recap (2)

$$c \triangleright \{L_1 : P_1, \dots, L_n : P_n\}$$

offer n labelled choices

$$c \triangleleft L_i . P$$

select label i then act P

$$(c \triangleright \{L_1 : P_1, \dots, L_n : P_n\} \mid \bar{c} \triangleleft L_i . Q) \rightarrow (P_i \mid Q)$$

(β reduction)

(commutativity)

$$P \mid Q \equiv Q \mid P$$

(associativity)

$$P \mid (Q \mid R) \equiv (P \mid Q) \mid R$$

(scope extrusion)

$$\nu c (P \mid Q) \equiv \nu c (P) \mid Q \quad (\text{if } c \# Q)$$

Session type primer

$$S ::= ![\tau].S \mid ?[\tau].S \mid \dots$$

send a τ recv a τ

e.g. $d : ?[![bool]], c : ![int] \vdash c!\langle 3 \rangle.d?(e).e!\langle true \rangle$

Session type primer

$S ::= ![\tau].S \mid ?[\tau].S \mid \&[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n] \mid \oplus[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n]$
send a τ recv a τ offer choice 1-n select choice 1-n

e.g. $d : ?[![bool]], c : ![int] \vdash c!\langle 3 \rangle.d?(e).e!\langle true \rangle$

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send a τ recv a τ offer choice 1-n select choice 1-n

Duality: *ensures absence of communication errors*

$dual(?[\tau].S) = ![\tau].dual(S)$ send is dual to receive

$dual(\&[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n]) = \oplus[l_1 : dual(S_1) \dots l_n : dual(S_n)]$
‘offer’ dual to ‘select’

$$\frac{\Delta, c : S, \bar{c} : dual(S) \vdash P}{\Delta \vdash \nu c.P}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma ; \Delta_1 \vdash P \quad \Gamma ; \Delta_2 \vdash Q}{\Gamma ; \Delta_1 \odot \Delta_2 \vdash P \mid Q}$$

Session type primer

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$$\frac{c : ![bool] \vdash P \quad \bar{c} : ?[int] \vdash Q}{(c : ![bool]) \oplus (\bar{c} : ?[int]) \vdash P \mid Q}$$

Session type primer

$S ::= ![\tau].S \mid ?[\tau].S \mid \&[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n] \mid \oplus[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n]$
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Session type primer

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$$\frac{c : ![int] \vdash P \qquad \bar{c} : ?[int] \vdash Q}{(c : ![int]) \odot (\bar{c} : ?[int]) \vdash P \mid Q}$$



Session type primer

$S ::= ![\tau].S \mid ?[\tau].S \mid \&[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n] \mid \oplus[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n]$
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‘offer’ dual to ‘select’

~~$$\frac{c : ![int] \vdash P \quad \bar{c} : ?[int].?[int] \vdash Q \quad c : ![int] \vdash R}{(c : ![int]) \odot (\bar{c} : ?[int].?[int]) \odot (c : ![int]) \vdash P \mid Q \mid R}$$~~

Session type primer

$S ::= ![\tau].S \mid ?[\tau].S \mid \&[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n] \mid \oplus[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n]$
send a τ recv a τ offer choice 1-n select choice 1-n

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‘offer’ dual to ‘select’

$$\frac{c : ![int] \vdash P \quad \bar{c} : ?[int], \bar{d} : ?[int] \vdash Q \quad d : ![int] \vdash R}{(c : ![int], \bar{c} : ?[int], d : ![int], \bar{d} : ?[int]) \vdash P \mid Q \mid R} \quad \checkmark$$

Session type primer

$$S ::= ![\tau].S \mid ?[\tau].S \mid \&[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n] \mid \oplus[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n]$$
$$\mid \mu\alpha.S \mid \alpha \mid *![\tau].S \mid \mathbf{end}$$

Duality: *ensures absence of communication errors*

$dual(?[\tau].S) = ![\tau].dual(S)$ send is dual to receive

$dual(\&[l_1 : S_1 \dots l_n : S_n]) = \oplus[l_1 : dual(S_1) \dots l_n : dual(S_n)]$
‘offer’ dual to ‘select’

Session types as “linear” capabilities

$$\frac{c : ![\tau].S \vdash c?(x).P \quad \bar{c} : ?[\tau].T \vdash \bar{c}!\langle V \rangle.Q}{c : ![\tau].S, \bar{c} : ?[\tau].T \vdash c?(x).P \mid \bar{c}!\langle V \rangle.Q}$$
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \beta \\ c : S, \bar{c} : T & \vdash & P[V/x] \mid Q \end{array}$$

PCF + effects (parameterised)

$$\Gamma \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{F}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{abs} \frac{\Gamma, x : \sigma \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{F}}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.M : \sigma \xrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \tau, \mathbf{I}} \quad \text{app} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma \xrightarrow{\mathbf{H}} \tau, \mathbf{F} \quad \Gamma \vdash N : \sigma, \mathbf{G}}{\Gamma \vdash M N : \tau, \mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G} \bullet \mathbf{H}} \\
 \\
 \text{var} \frac{x : \sigma \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : \sigma, \mathbf{I}} \quad \text{sub} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{F} \quad \mathbf{F} \sqsubseteq \mathbf{G}}{\Gamma \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{G}} \\
 \\
 \text{case} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \text{nat}, \mathbf{F} \quad \Gamma \vdash N_1 : \tau, \mathbf{G} \quad \Gamma, x : \text{nat} \vdash N_1 : \tau, \mathbf{H}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{case } M \text{ of } 0 \mapsto N_1, (\text{suc } x) \mapsto N_2 : \tau, \mathbf{F} \bullet (\mathbf{G} \oplus \mathbf{H})} \\
 \\
 \text{rec} \frac{\Gamma, x : \tau, f : \tau \rightarrow \tau, \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{F}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{rec } (\lambda f. \lambda x.M) : \tau \xrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \tau, \mathbf{I}} \quad \text{par} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \text{unit}, \mathbf{F} \quad \Gamma \vdash N : \text{unit}, \mathbf{G}}{\Gamma \vdash M | N : \text{unit}, \mathbf{F} \& \mathbf{G}}
 \end{array}$$

- $(\mathbf{F}, \bullet, \mathbf{I})$ sequential composition
- \sqsubseteq sub effecting (approximation)
- $\&$ parallel composition
- \oplus alternation (case)
- $*$ recursion

Effects vs. session types

effect systems

- sequential
- I pure
- ⊕ conditional
- * repetition
- ⊑ sub-effecting
- & parallelism

session types

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| $?\tau.-$ | $!\tau.-$ | prefixing |
| end | | inaction |
| $\oplus[l_1 : S_1, \dots, l_n : S_n]$ | | selection/ |
| $\&[l_1 : S_1, \dots, l_n : S_n]$ | | branching |
| $\mu a . S$ | a | fixed-points |
| $*!\tau$ | $*?\tau$ | replication |
| \sqsubseteq | | sub-typing |
| \odot | | balancing |

Effects as sessions

$$\llbracket \Gamma \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{F} \rrbracket_r^{eff} \longrightarrow \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket, r : !\llbracket \tau \rrbracket, eff : \llbracket \mathbf{F} \rrbracket \vdash$$

r - channel which sends result

eff - (**effect channel**) over which effects are simulated

idea: encode effect info. as session types

Sessions as effects

$$\Gamma; \Delta \vdash P \longrightarrow \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \vdash M : \text{unit}, \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket$$

idea: instantiate effect with “session effects”

Parameters to the encoding (effects into sessions)



- **Effect-dependent parameters:**

- ➔ *Effect handler*

- [Plotkin, Pretnar “Handlers of Algebraic Effects” 2009

- Bauer, Pretnar “Programming with algebraic effects and handlers” 2012]

- ➔ **Interpretation of effects annotations into sessions**

- $[[_]] : \mathbf{F} \rightarrow S$ satisfying

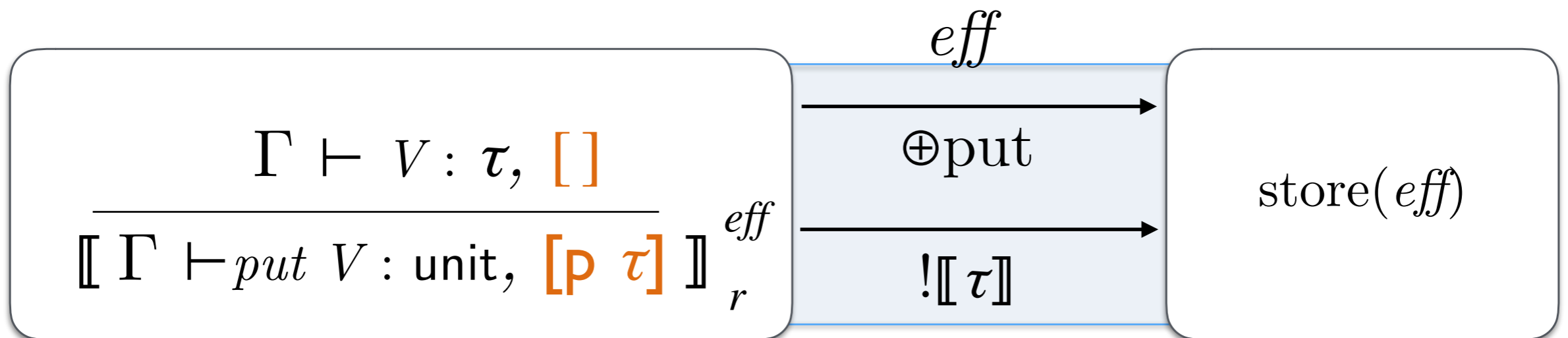
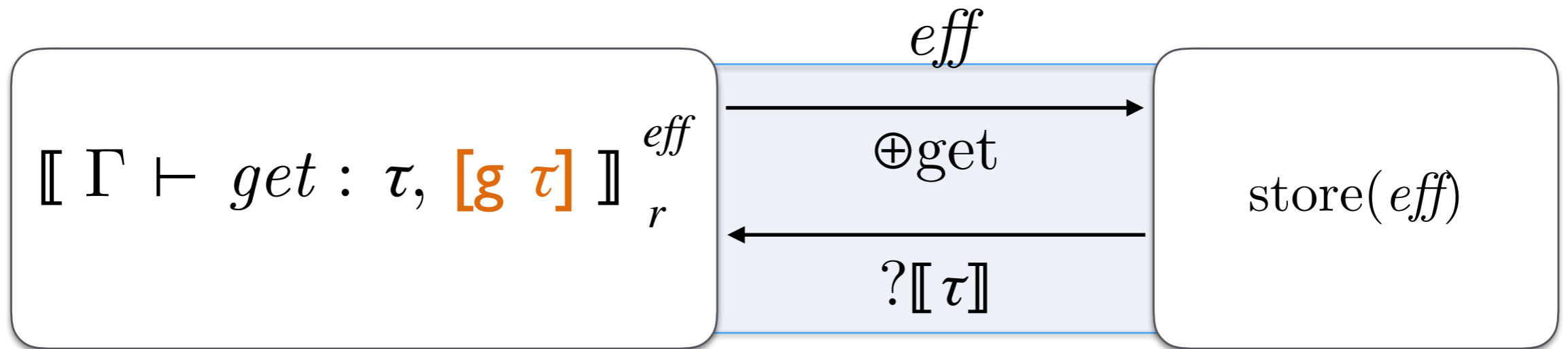
- $[[\mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{G}]] = [[\mathbf{F}]] \blacklozenge [[\mathbf{G}]]$

- $[[\mathbf{I}]] = \text{end}$

- ➔ **Encoding of effectful operations**

- (e.g., get, put, input, output)

Simple state effects ($\text{List } \{p\ t, g\ t \mid t \in \tau\}, ++, []$)



$\llbracket _ \rrbracket : \mathbf{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{S}$ for simple state

$$\llbracket (g\ \tau) :: F \rrbracket = \oplus[\text{get} : ?[[\tau]]. \llbracket F \rrbracket]$$

$$\llbracket (p\ \tau) :: F \rrbracket = \oplus[\text{put} : ![[\tau]]. \llbracket F \rrbracket]$$

$$\llbracket [] \rrbracket = \mathbf{end}$$

$$\text{let} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma, \mathbf{F} \quad \Gamma, x : \sigma \vdash N : \tau, \mathbf{G}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x \leftarrow M \text{ in } N : \tau, (\mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G})}$$

syntactic sugar for $(\lambda x.M) N$

$$\llbracket \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma, \mathbf{F} \rrbracket_r^{eff} \longrightarrow \dots \text{eff} : \llbracket \mathbf{F} \rrbracket \vdash P$$

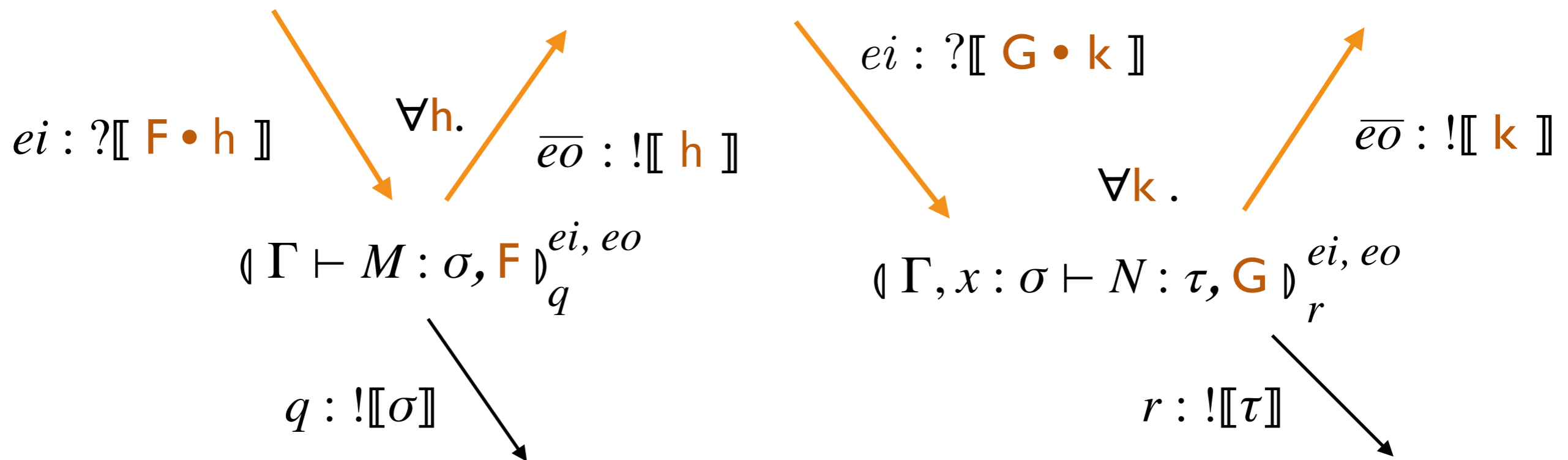
$$\llbracket \Gamma, x : \sigma \vdash N : \tau, \mathbf{G} \rrbracket_r^{eff} \longrightarrow \dots \text{eff} : \llbracket \mathbf{G} \rrbracket \vdash P'$$

$$\llbracket \Gamma \vdash \text{let } \dots : \tau, (\mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G}) \rrbracket_r^{eff} \longrightarrow \dots \text{eff} : \llbracket \mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G} \rrbracket \vdash ???$$

Solution: pass *eff* around instead

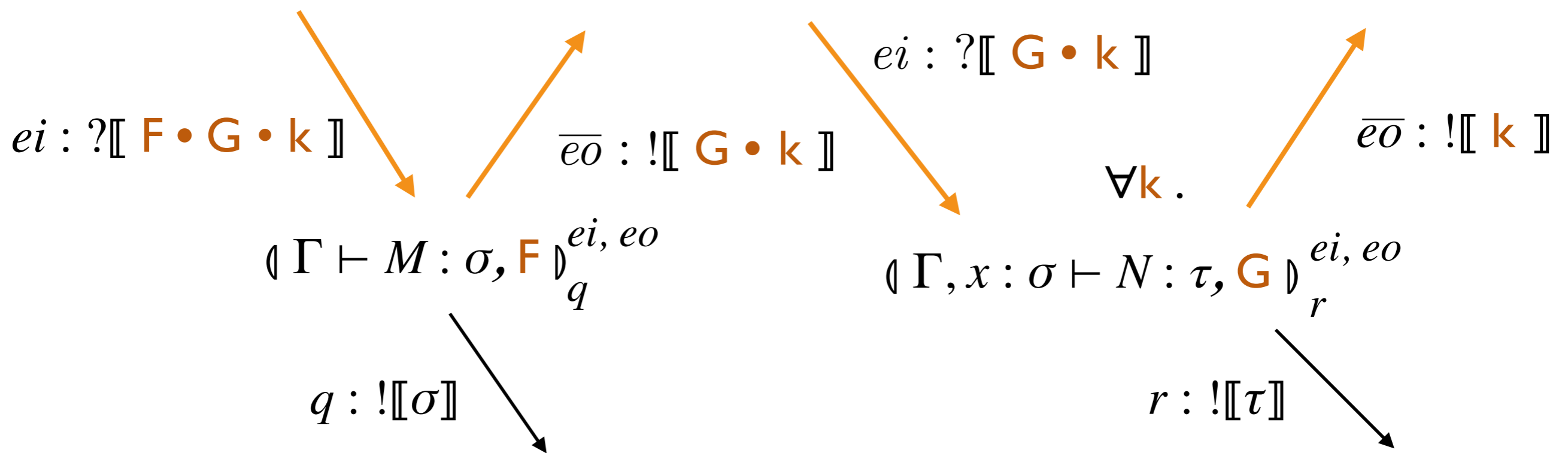
Effect-channel passing

$$\text{let} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma, \mathbf{F} \quad \Gamma, x : \sigma \vdash N : \tau, \mathbf{G}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x \Leftarrow M \text{ in } N : \tau, (\mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G})}$$



Effect-channel passing

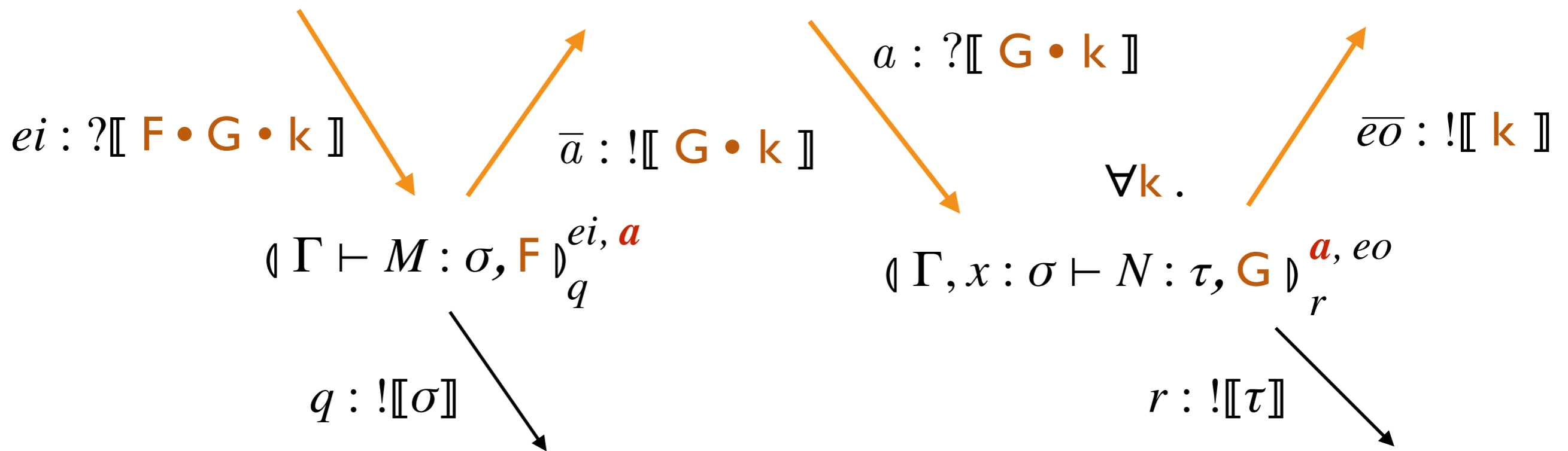
$$\text{let} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma, \mathbf{F} \quad \Gamma, x : \sigma \vdash N : \tau, \mathbf{G}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x \Leftarrow M \text{ in } N : \tau, (\mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G})}$$



$$h \rightarrow \mathbf{G} \bullet \mathbf{k}$$

Effect-channel passing

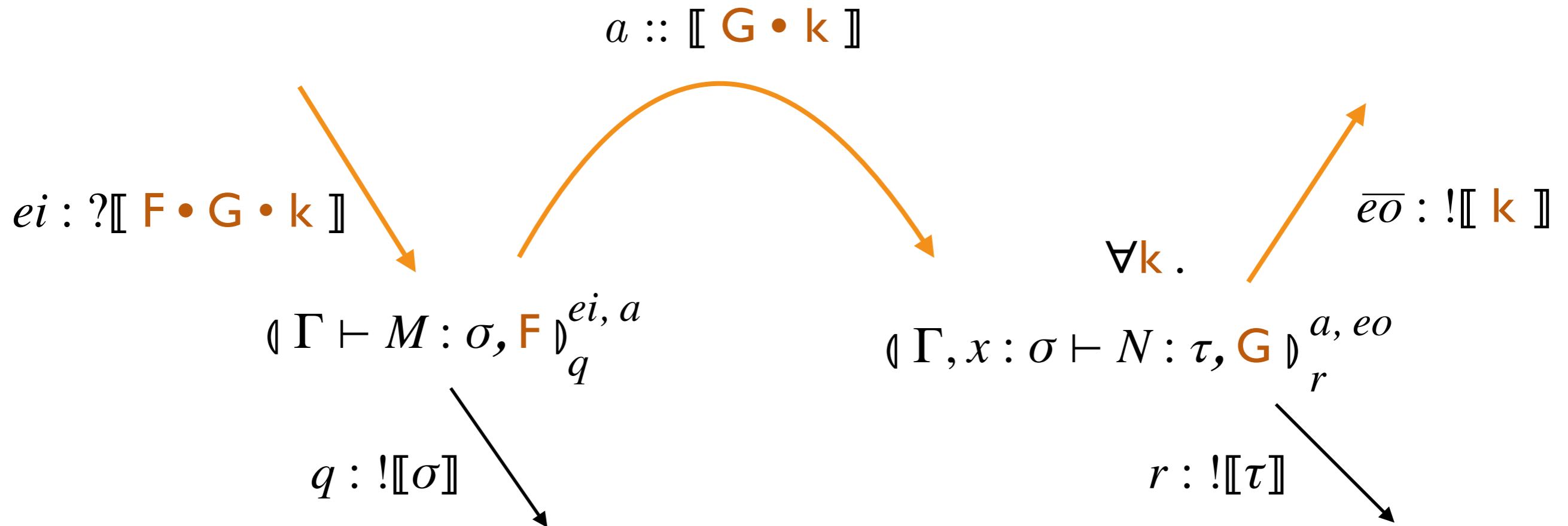
$$\text{let} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma, \mathbf{F} \quad \Gamma, x : \sigma \vdash N : \tau, \mathbf{G}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x \Leftarrow M \text{ in } N : \tau, (\mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G})}$$



$$h \rightarrow \mathbf{G} \bullet \mathbf{k}$$

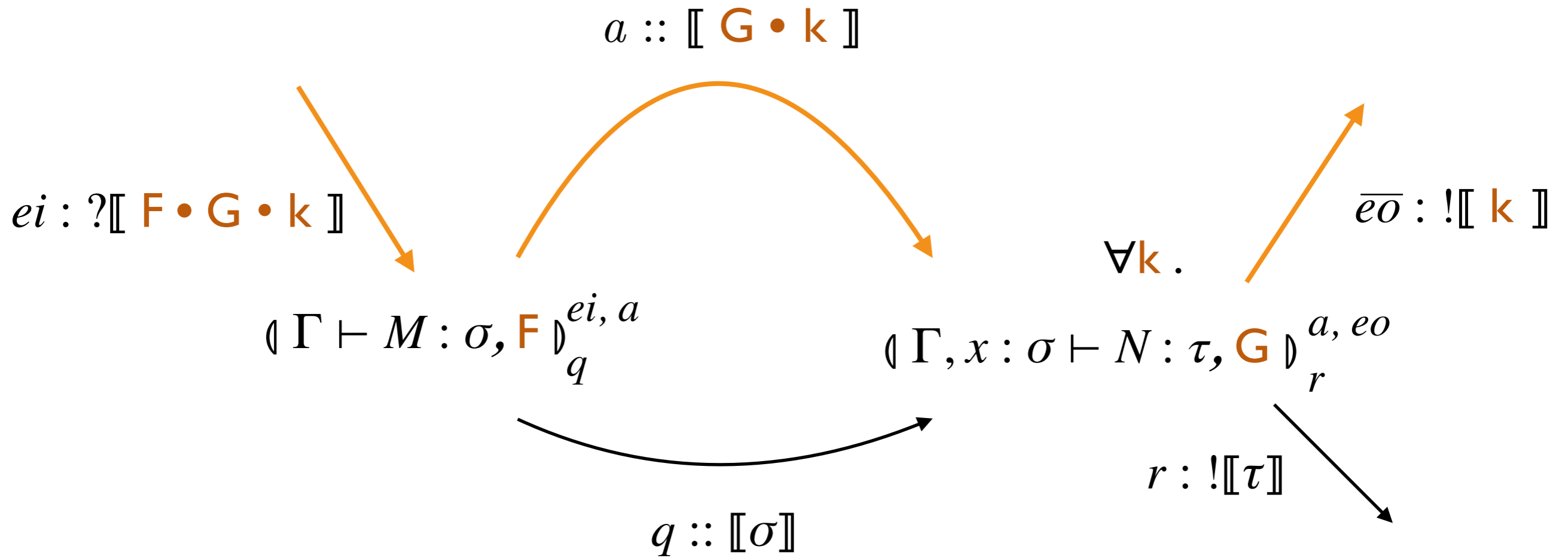
Effect-channel passing

$$\text{let} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma, \mathbf{F} \quad \Gamma, x : \sigma \vdash N : \tau, \mathbf{G}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x \Leftarrow M \text{ in } N : \tau, (\mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G})}$$



Effect-channel passing

$$\text{let} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma, \mathbf{F} \quad \Gamma, x : \sigma \vdash N : \tau, \mathbf{G}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x \Leftarrow M \text{ in } N : \tau, (\mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G})}$$



$$r : \llbracket \tau \rrbracket, ei : ?\llbracket \mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G} \bullet \mathbf{k} \rrbracket, \bar{eo} : \llbracket \mathbf{k} \rrbracket \vdash (\Gamma \vdash \text{let } \dots : \tau, (\mathbf{F} \bullet \mathbf{G}))_r^{ei, eo}$$

Higher-order embedding

Embed *latent effects*

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{F} \tau$$

$$\llbracket \sigma \rightarrow \tau \rrbracket = \quad ![\![?[\![\sigma \rrbracket], ![\![\tau]\!]\rrbracket]$$

$$\llbracket \sigma \xrightarrow{F} \tau \rrbracket = \quad ![\![?[\![\sigma \rrbracket], ?[\![F \bullet G \rrbracket], ![\![G \rrbracket], ![\![\tau]\!]\rrbracket]$$

send channel which
can receive effect channel
for latent effects

send channel which
can send effect channel
for **continuation**

Theorems

Soundness

$$\Gamma \vdash M = N : \tau, \mathbf{F} \implies$$

$$\llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket, r : !\llbracket \tau \rrbracket, \text{eff} : \llbracket \mathbf{F} \rrbracket \vdash \llbracket M \rrbracket \cong \llbracket N \rrbracket$$

Operational correspondence

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Gamma \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{F} & \xrightarrow{\llbracket - \rrbracket} & P \\ \text{reduction} \downarrow \sqcup & \iff & \downarrow \text{reduction} \\ \Gamma \vdash N : \tau, \mathbf{G} & \xrightarrow{\llbracket - \rrbracket} & Q \cong P' \end{array}$$

Soundness/completeness

Effects as sessions

$$\llbracket \Gamma \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{F} \rrbracket_r^{eff} \longrightarrow \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket, r : !\llbracket \tau \rrbracket, eff : \llbracket \mathbf{F} \rrbracket \vdash P$$

- Encoding parameterised by:
 - handler, (homomorphic) effect interp., operations encoding
- Examples
 - ▶ State (list and set-based)
 - ▶ ML-style references
 - ▶ Counting effects, $\mathbf{F} = \mathbb{N}$
- Effects with linear continuation behaviour

Sessions as effects

$$\llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \vdash M : \mathbf{unit}, \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket \longleftarrow \Gamma; \Delta \vdash P$$

Effects vs. session types

effect systems

- sequential
- I pure
- ⊕ conditional
- * repetition
- ⊑ sub-effecting
- & parallelism

session types

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| $?[\tau].-$ | $![\tau].-$ | prefixing |
| end | | inaction |
| $\oplus[l_1 : S_1, \dots l_n : S_n]$ | | selection/ branching |
| $\&[l_1 : S_1, \dots l_n : S_n]$ | | |
| $\mu a . S$ | a | fixed-points |
| $*![\tau]$ | $*?[\tau]$ | replication |
| \sqsubseteq | | sub-typing |
| | \odot | balancing |

Sessions into effects

1. PCF with par

$$\text{par} \frac{\Gamma \vdash M : \text{unit}, \mathbf{F} \quad \Gamma \vdash N : \text{unit}, \mathbf{G}}{\Gamma \vdash M \mid N : \text{unit}, \mathbf{F} \ \& \ \mathbf{G}}$$

2. Instantiate PCF effects with ‘session effects’

- $\mathbf{F} = \text{FiniteMap Chan } \mathbf{S}$ (effects are environments Δ)
- algebra replicates session operators, e.g., $\& = \odot$

3. Channel types (*Chan c*)

4. π -calculus like communication operations (send, recv, new)

5. Operational semantics based on queues:

$\langle M, s \rangle$ where s is a store for queues

Sessions into effects

Sequential composition (fragment)

$$(\{c:S\}, \Delta) \bullet (\{c:T\}, \Delta') = \{c:S \blacklozenge T\}, (\Delta \bullet \Delta')$$

Communication operations

$$\text{recv} : \text{Chan } c \xrightarrow{\{c: ?[\tau].\text{end}\}} \tau$$

$$\text{send} : \text{Chan } c \rightarrow \tau \xrightarrow{\{c: ![\tau].\text{end}\}} \text{unit}$$

$$\text{chSend} : \text{Chan } c \rightarrow \text{Chan } d \rightarrow \tau \xrightarrow{\{c: ![S].\text{end}, d: S\}} \text{unit}$$

$$\text{chRecv} : \text{Chan } c \xrightarrow{\{c: ?[S]\}} (\text{Chan } d \xrightarrow{\mathbf{F} \bullet \{d: S\}} \tau) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \tau$$

$$\text{new} : (\text{Chan } c \rightarrow \text{Chan } \bar{c} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{F} \bullet \{c: S, \bar{c}: \text{dual}(S)\}} \tau) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \tau$$

Sessions into effects

Encoding of session types into effects: $\llbracket _ \rrbracket : S \rightarrow F$

e.g.

$$\llbracket ![\tau].S \rrbracket = !\llbracket \tau \rrbracket . \llbracket S \rrbracket$$

$$\llbracket ?[\tau].S \rrbracket = ?\llbracket \tau \rrbracket . \llbracket S \rrbracket$$

$$\llbracket \&l_1 : S_1, l_2 : S_2 \rrbracket = ?[\text{int}] . (\llbracket S_1 \rrbracket + \llbracket S_2 \rrbracket)$$

$$\llbracket \oplus[l_1 : S_1, l_2 : S_2] \rrbracket = ![\text{int}] . (\llbracket S_1 \rrbracket + \llbracket S_2 \rrbracket)$$

Choice/selection via alternation

$$S, T ::= ![\tau].S \mid ?[\tau].S \mid *![\tau].S \mid \mathbf{end} \mid S + S \mid \mu\alpha.S \mid \alpha \mid \odot S$$

Effects of case $\oplus =$ union if common session types equal

$$\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{case} M \mathbf{of} 0 \mapsto N_1, (\mathbf{suc} x) \mapsto N_2 : \tau, F \bullet (G \cup H)$$

Sub-typing used to introduce branch/select

$$S \sqsubseteq S + T$$

$$T \sqsubseteq S + T$$

Sessions into effects (syntax)

Fragment of the encoding.... mostly straightforward

$$\llbracket c!\langle V \rangle.P \rrbracket = \mathbf{let} \ _ = \mathit{send} \ c \ \llbracket V \rrbracket \ \mathbf{in} \ \llbracket P \rrbracket$$

$$\llbracket c?(x).P \rrbracket = \mathbf{let} \ x = \mathit{recv} \ c \ \mathbf{in} \ \llbracket P \rrbracket$$

$$\llbracket c?(d).P \rrbracket = \mathbf{let} \ k = \mathit{chRecv} \ c \ \mathbf{in} \ k \ (\lambda d. \llbracket P \rrbracket)$$

$$\mathit{chRecv} : \mathit{Chan} \ c \xrightarrow{\{c : ?[S]\}} (\mathit{Chan} \ d \xrightarrow{F \bullet \{d : S\}} \tau) \xrightarrow{F} \tau$$

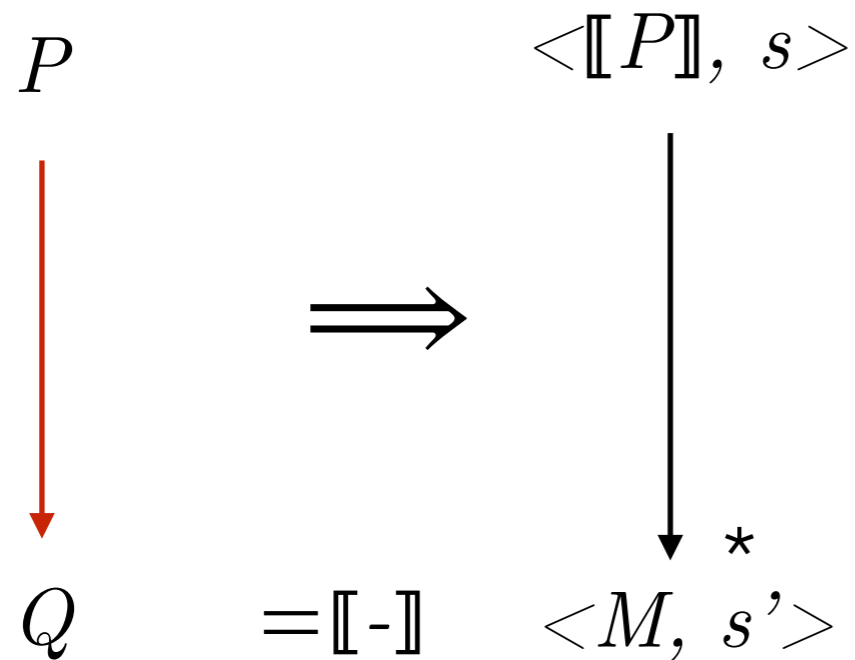
$$\llbracket c\triangleleft 1_0.P \rrbracket = \mathbf{let} \ _ = \mathit{send} \ c \ 0 \ \mathbf{in} \ \llbracket P \rrbracket$$

$$\llbracket c\triangleright [l_0 : P, l_1 : Q] \rrbracket = \mathbf{let} \ x = \mathit{recv} \ c \ \mathbf{in} \\ \mathbf{case} \ x \ \mathbf{of} \ 0 \mapsto \llbracket P \rrbracket, \ (\mathbf{suc} \ n) \mapsto \llbracket Q \rrbracket$$

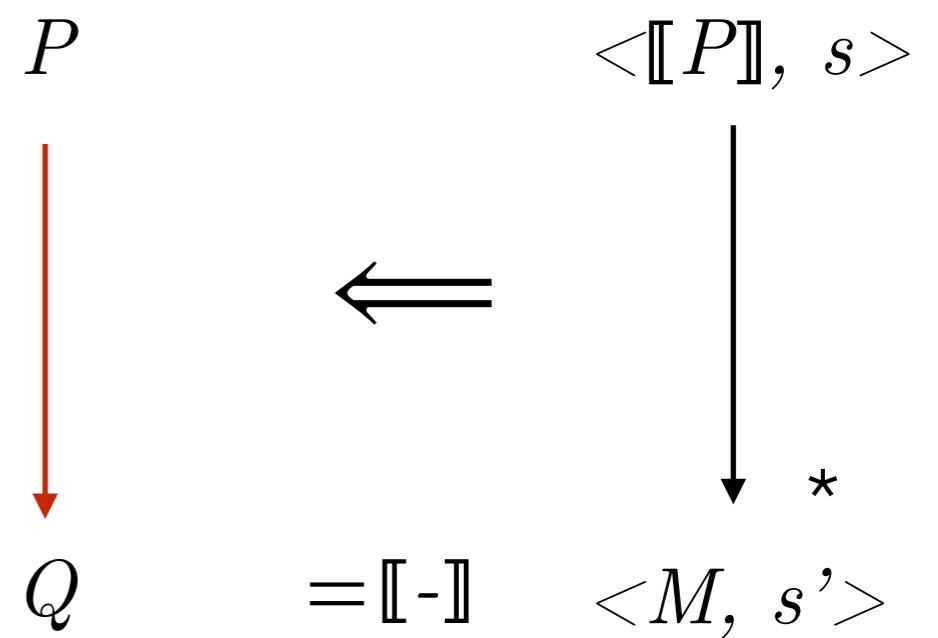
$$\llbracket *c?(d).P \rrbracket = \mathbf{rec} \ (\lambda f. \lambda x. \mathbf{let} \ k = \mathit{chRecv} \ c \\ \mathbf{in} \ (k \ (\lambda d. \llbracket P \rrbracket)) \ || \ f \ \mathbf{unit}) \ \mathbf{unit}$$

Theorems

Operational correspondence



Soundness



Completeness

Prototype implementation



Sessions \rightarrow Effect PCF

+ “Embedding effect systems in Haskell”, Orchard, Petricek (2014)

Operations

`recv` :: Chan c \rightarrow Process '[c \mapsto t :? end] t

`send` :: Chan c \rightarrow t \rightarrow Process '[c \mapsto t :! end] ()

Effect-graded monad

`return` :: a \rightarrow Process (Unit t) a

`(>>=)` :: t f a \rightarrow (a \rightarrow t g b)

\rightarrow Process (Plus t f g) b

Encoding of: $\nu c.(\nu d.(c!\langle d\rangle.\bar{d}?(Ping)) \mid \bar{c}?(x).x!\langle Ping\rangle)$

```
client (c :: (Chan (Ch "c")))
  = new \ (d :: (Chan (Ch "d")), d') ->
      do chSend c d
         Ping <- recv d'
         print "Client: got a ping")

server c = do { k <- chRecv c; k (\x -> send x Ping) }
process = new \ (c, c') -> (client c) `par` (server c')
```

Inferred type:

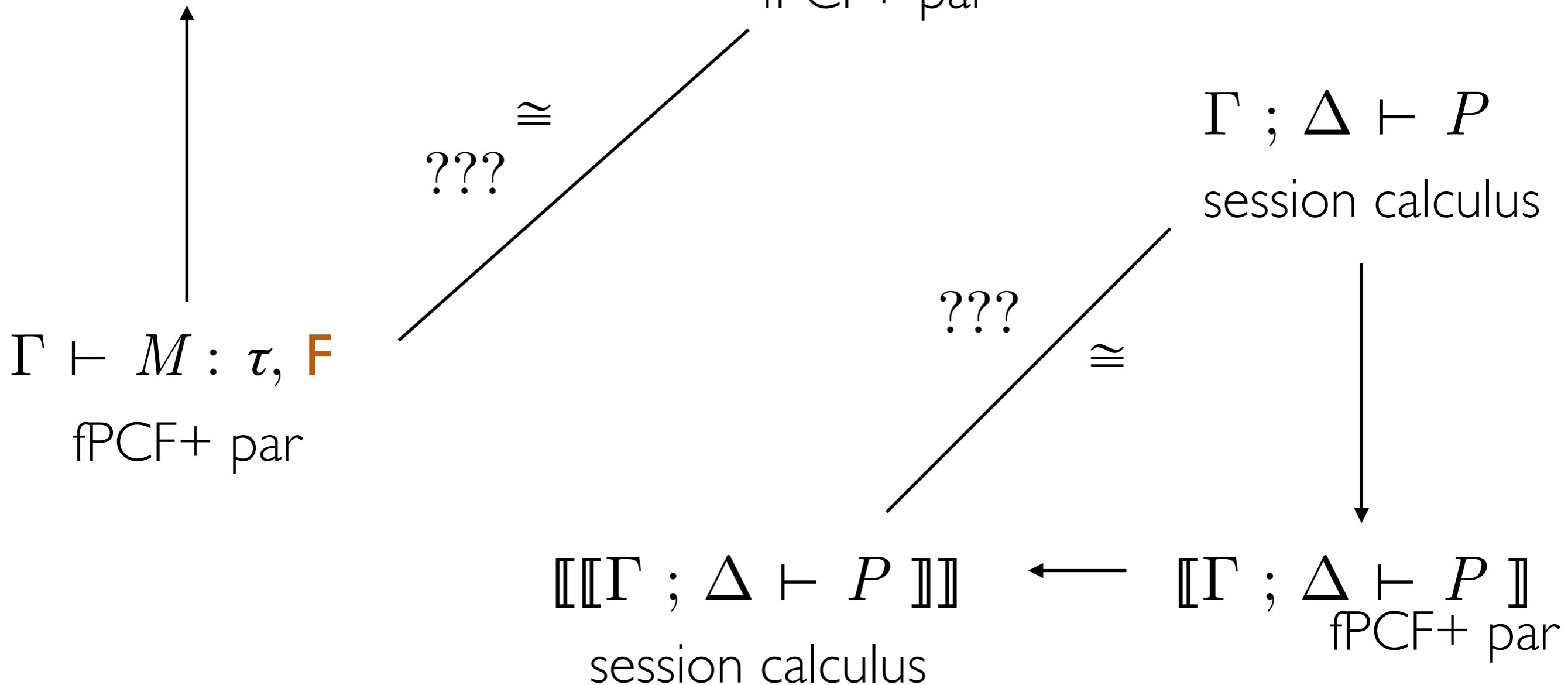
```
client :: Chan (Ch "c")
-> Process '[Ch "c" :-> (Delg (Msg :! End) :! End)] ()
```

Unanswered question

session calculus

$$\llbracket \Gamma \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{F} \rrbracket \longrightarrow \llbracket \llbracket \Gamma \vdash M : \tau, \mathbf{F} \rrbracket \rrbracket$$

fPCF+ par



Conclusion

Effects (parallel PCF) into sessions (π -calculus)

- Expressive power of session types
- Incorporate effect information into specifications (e.g. Scribble)
- Pi-calculus as intermediate language

Sessions (π -calculus) into effects (parallel PCF)

- Expressive power of effect typing
- Embed session types into existing languages (see artefact)

Todo: Completeness

Alternate encoding: $\Gamma \vdash M : T_{\mathbf{F}} \tau$ or *CBPV*

Thanks

<http://dorchar.dorchar.co.uk/pop116>