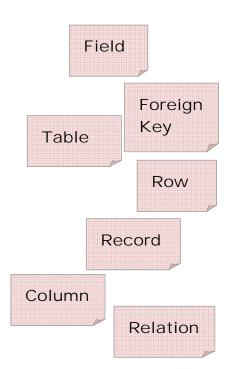


# **TUTORIAL 2: Designing database tables**

### **Question 1**

Feature in data model	Representation in RDBMS
Class (or entity)	
Attribute	
Object	
Relationship	

Copy this table and fill in the blank boxes using the correct words from the notes on the right - some boxes have more than one correct answer.



#### Question 2

Here are some examples of items of data you might find in a database table. Decide which data type makes the most sense for each one. Some of the descriptions of the

data have been left for you to think about – for example, what is the form of a UK postcode?

Field name	Description	Example	Data type
price	The price of an item	£23.54	Currency
postcode		KA15 6TF	
comments		A long, rambling comment	
quantity	Number of items in a purchase order		
gender	One character, M or F		
phoneNumber		01413313000	
dateOfBirth		01/03/1987	
photograph	A bitmap image		
appointment	Time and day		
lastName		Brown	
taxRate		4.655%	
atomicWeight	A very precise scientific measurement	28.0855	
customerID	A value guaranteed to be unique		
completed	Yes or No		

DATA TYPES
Text(size)
Memo
Integer
Long Integer
Double
Decimal(precision, decimal places)
DateTime
Money
Counter
YesNo

SOME ACCESS



### **Question 3**

Decide whether or not the following data items should be defined as **NOT NULL** – give reasons for your decisions. In each case, consider whether any additional **constraints** or **default values** might help to make sure that the data stored is valid.

gender in a Persons table
discount in a Products table (the value should be a percentage)
dayOfWeek in a Shifts table work schedule database
email in a Persons table
category in a DVDs table
title in a Books table
returnDate in a Loans table in a library database
returned in a Loans table in a library database
numberOfSides in a Shapes table
advisor in a Students table
rating in a Responses table in a survey database

## **Question 4**

Identify a suitable primary key for each of the following tables. In each case, write down a row of new data which would be **allowed** by your choice of primary key, and a row which would **not** be allowed.

